

Unsettled, generally fair to-night and Wednesday; little change in temperature.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JANUARY 28 1919

7
O'CLOCK

PRICE ONE CENT

THE LOWELL SUN

BELFAST IN THE HANDS OF MOB

Belfast Mob Stones Every House Where Electric Lights Seen Grave Diggers Strike

Powerhouse Men Refuse To Light City—More Than 100,000 Persons Involved in Strike—All Business at Standstill—Many Shop Windows Were Looted

LONDON, Jan. 28.—It is estimated that nearly 200,000 men and women are idle in the United Kingdom and Ireland because of strikes in various trades, creating one of the most serious situations industrially that the country has had to face in many years. Half of the strikers are in Belfast, where the strike movement is continuing to spread.

The city of Belfast by night is now in total darkness, the hospitals being

Continued on Last Page

HALL JURY IS READY FOR CASE

Pastor Defendant Is Cheery As He Comes To Be Tried For Wife Murder

Crowds Besiege Court Room But Attendance Limited To Seating Capacity, 150

SACO, Me., Jan. 28.—The expected difficulties in securing a jury to try Henry H. Hall, the Baptist Evangelist, on the charge of wife-murder, because of the publicity given the case, did not materialize and the panel was completed before the noon recess of the supreme court was taken, today. Less than two hours was required and the afternoon session was available for the opening address for the state by Assistant County Attorney Hiram E. Willard. The members of the jury are as follows:

Charles Whitney of Linton, was the first to take a seat in the jury box. The others secured in the order named, were Charles E. Durrell, Kennebunkport; Charles P. Kicker, Hollis; Arthur F. Lougee, Limerick; Clyde R. Snow, Old Orchard; Franklin J. Gerrick, Lebanon; Walter B. Moody, York; Melvin A. Blake, Kittery; Phaycock Perry, Kennebunk and William A. Davis, Newfield; Linwood E. Burbank,

Parsons Field, and Jesse T. Irish, Corliss.

Judge George L. Emory, counsel for Hall, took exception to a ruling by Associate Justice Scott Wilson at the opening of the court in admitting Attorney Willard as an assistant to County Attorney Franklin R. Chesley.

The latter in his motion, explained that Willard had acted for him in handling the case while the county attorney was in an aviation training camp last September.

Hall appeared in excellent spirits when he entered the court room in Saco city hall. He slept soundly all night and ate a hearty breakfast. He was accompanied to court by his special keeper at the jail Deputy Fred A. Michmire.

Hall watched the work of choosing the jury with close interest and appeared disappointed when those dismissed because of having formed opinions stated that they would not be able to change their minds. He wore a long black coat which he was accustomed to wear while preaching on trial as an evangelist in the Baptist church at Wells Depot.

A crowd began to gather outside the building as early as 8 o'clock, but only 150 spectators, the seating capacity of the room, required for the 100 witnesses and those having business in the court room, were permitted to enter.

Mr. Burkhart, the 11th juror accepted, was appointed foreman by Judge Wilson. He is one of the leading farmers of Parsons Field and about 50 years of age. The majority of the jurors, like the foreman, are agriculturalists. One is a shipbuilder and another is proprietor of a livery stable.

Hall readily consented to be photographed and posed in front of the building while the cameras of a dozen or more newspaper men clicked repeatedly.

Mrs. Francis A. Stevens of Harrington, mother of Mrs. Hall, Frances Hall, daughter of the respondent, his mother, Mrs. Zenira Hall and his brother and sister, of Boston, were

among the more interested spectators. Mrs. Stevens and her granddaughter are expected to testify for the state concerning Hall's domestic life.

With 100 witnesses called, the trial is expected to last ten days.

Much of the testimony will be given by medical experts.

Mrs. Hall died on June 12 from injuries received the previous day in a 20-foot drop from a railroad bridge into a brook near Wells Depot.

The defense claimed at the preliminary hearing that the woman became dizzy while looking down at the water and fell, but the prosecution has contended that she was thrown from the bridge. Hall was alone with his wife at the time. Family differences are claimed to have furnished a motive for the alleged murder.

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"QUIT RUSSIA AND THEN ARBITRATE US"

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Further light on the Bolshevik attitude toward the intervention of the allied and associated powers for a conference with the Russian factions at Prince's Island is given by an article in the Bolshevik official newspaper *Brestovik* of January 26. The correspondent of the Journal at Berlin reproduces a quotation from this article which is carried by the Russian wireless service.

The article, signed by M. Nekler, says stress on the indirect character of the invitation, noting that it bore neither address nor signature. The writer declares the allies must choose between the role of adversaries of the new Russia and that of arbitrators. If they desire to their timers to act as arbitrators, he insists, they must completely evacuate Russia. Then their initiative, he adds, may be taken seriously.

DEATHS

SPIAGUE—Mrs. Eliza Fletcher Spague died at the home of her brother, J. P. Fletcher, in South Acton January 21 at the advanced age of 81 years and 4 months. Mrs. Spague was the widow of John Murray Spague and lived at 72 Chapel street in Lowell for over 40 years. She was a member of the Universal church. She leaves two brothers, Jones Fletcher and J. P. Fletcher, of South Acton, and two sisters, Mrs. W. A. Lydston of Swampscott and Mrs. J. W. Whalen of Waltham. The funeral took place Friday afternoon at the chapel in the Lowell cemetery under the direction of Mr. Fowler of Maynard and Rev. C. V. Fisher conducted the funeral services.

TRAINOR—John Trainor, a well known resident of this city, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Nellie, 44 Orchard street, aged 63 years. He is survived by three daughters, Mrs. Elizabeth

THE MEN IN CLASS A1

A sound, healthy man is never a back number. A man can be as vigorous and able at seventy as at twenty. Condition, not years, puts you in the discard. A system weakened by overwork and careless living brings old age prematurely. The bodily functions are impaired and unpleasant symptoms appear. The weak spot in generally the kidneys. Keep them clean and proper working condition and you will generally find yourself in Class A. Take GOLD MEDAL Harlein Oil Capsules periodically and your system will always be in working order. Your spirits will be enlivened, your muscles supple, your mind active, and your body capable of much work.

Don't wait until you have been rejected. Come once to be a first-class man now. Go to your druggist at once. Get a trial box of GOLD MEDAL Harlein Oil Capsules. They are made of the pure, original, imported Harlein Oil—the kind your great-grandfather used. Two capsules each day will keep you toned up and feeling fine. Money refunded if they do not help you. Remember to ask for the imported GOLD MEDAL Brand. In three sizes, sealed packages.

RED LILY LARGE PRUNES, 20-33, Lb. 27c

WEDNESDAY PRICES

A STANDING ORDER

Saunders' Market

"Send me a dozen!" That's what they say. The practical way to order, too. We guarantee quality on everything we sell.



SOUP, Campbell's Tomato, Can 9c

NEW BRIGHT GREEN CABBAGE, 4c lb.

Danish Cabbage, lb. 2½c
Heavy Lettuce, head.... 10c
VEAL CHOPS, lb. 25c
FANCY TABLE APPLES, pk. 40c

PORK CHOPS

32c lb. Value 25c
Pound.....

BUTTER, Best Creamery, lb. 58c

PURE LARD, lb. 28c

CONDENSED MILK..... 2 Cans 25c

\$1.25 SIZE PARLOR BROOMS, Each..... 80c

GEISHA CRABMEAT, New Stock from Japan, Big Can. 55c

CHICKENS—Milk Fed, Fatted, Fresh Killed, lb. 35c

HOWARD'S SALAD DRESSING, 32c Bottle..... 25c

PURE SPICES—Mustard, Allspice, Black Pepper, White Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, pkg. 10c

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, 13c Can..... 10c

DOMINO GOLDEN SYRUP, 15c Can..... 11c

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, 24½ lb. Bag..... \$1.35

HIPOLITE'S

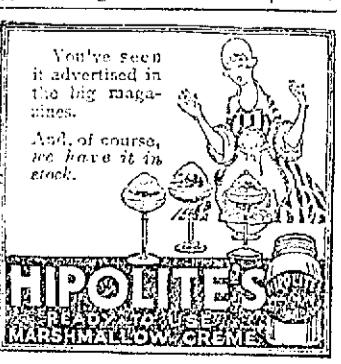
Pint Jars 23c
Quart Jars..... 45c

PURE PEANUT BUTTER, lb. 18c

CODFISH, Tid Bits, lb. 12c

LARGE SALT HERBING, each..... 5c

CLOTHESPINS, 3 doz. 5c



Millard F. Wood

JEWELER AND DIAMOND EXPERT

DIAMONDS

buy. We mount them in our own workshop, which department is under my personal supervision. Special designs made at your request.

Priv. John L. Connolly Killed

Continued

to the fate of her son. Congressman Rogers tried in every way to get some news concerning the young soldier, but was unable to get any trace of him.

Inasmuch as his name did not appear in the casualty list, there was hope at the Connolly home that the report that he was missing, which came in a letter from France, was not a true report, but all hope vanished yesterday when his mother received a letter from the captain of the company in which Private Connolly served, informing her of her son's death. The captain expresses his sorrow and extends his deepest sympathy to the soldier's mother, reminding her gently that his life was not in vain; that his sacrifices made the world a better place to live in, and assuring her that his country recognizes the debt it owes to him and to her. The letter:

Dec. 24, 1918.

Dear Mrs. Connolly: As company commander of the company to which your son belonged, I feel it a duty and an obligation which I owe both to him and to your family to let you know of his loss and to extend my deepest sympathy to you in your bereavement. I can realize something of your feelings as I had grown to look upon the men of my company as members of a large family; everything that affected any one of us affected us all and binding a life of danger together served to intensify that feeling; and I grieve over his death with you and offer you all my sympathy and consolation.

Our sorrow indeed is great and your loss is irreparable, but in the midst of that sorrow you have the consolation of knowing that your son is a hero of whom you may well be proud. He was one of the most faithful soldiers in the company; always ready and willing to put up with any hardship and sacrifice his life in the discharge of his duty; and it could always rely upon him to do his full duty in any crisis.

It was at Hoi Bellian, northeast of Verdun, where he was called upon to pay the last full measure of devotion to his country and to lay down his life for that cause.

We were taking a difficult position and it was while advancing that he was struck down. I know how inadequate any words of mine can be to lessen your grief and sorrow, but it is a consolation to feel that the world does care about your boy and others like him for the peace that has come to us. His life has not been in vain; his sacrifice has helped to make the world a better place to live in; and his country recognizes the debt it owes to him and to you. Most sincerely yours,

DAVID J. BRICKLEY, Capt. Inf.

Private John Leo Connolly was 25 years old. He was an enlisted man having enlisted June 8, 1917, in Boston. Before his enlistment he was employed as shipper at the Walter Baker chocolate factory in Dorchester. He was first attached to a recruiting company at Framingham and was later assigned to Company M. The last letter received from him was received here on the day the armistice was signed. The letter was dated Oct. 13, and he said that the Hung were hurling everything from the cans to freight cars but he allowed that they would not last long. Besides his mother, Mrs. Bridget Connolly, he is survived by four brothers, Bro. Edward B. Connolly of the Tewksbury convalescent home and Patrick, a carpenter, Joseph Curran read the committal prayers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage was in charge of funeral arrangements.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

Ralph B. Palmer was charged in police court this morning with the larceny of an automobile, valued at \$1000, the property of Thomas Hennessy of Marlborough st. The alleged larceny occurred on Sept. 19, 1918.

The Bedford chief of police was the first witness called, and testified to finding the defendant lying on the running board of a damaged car in the vicinity of Lexington park, suffering from a broken leg.

He said that he questioned Palmer and that the young man stated that another man had been driving the machine and that he had run the car into a fence and had then run away. He testified that he removed Palmer to the Concord hospital.

Palmer said that he had left the U. S. Cartridge Co., where he had been employed in the production department nights, to take a little walk during his lunch hour at midnight. He had been soothsaying to eat at a lunch room near the square, and was walking up near the Yerick club when a man in a machine accosted him and inquired the way to Boston. He got in the car, and the man started on the Gorham street route to the limb.

Everything went well until the unknown saw the lights of two motorcycles behind him, and then he opened up the throttle and sent the car along at a 50-mile clip. It was then, Palmer said, that he first suspected the car might have been stolen. Then came the crash, and Palmer came to his senses to find himself lying on the ground with a broken leg and his companion missing.

Ernest Whitcomb, the last witness called, testified that he had seen the machine at the cross roads near Billerica shortly before the accident occurred, and that he saw two men in the machine. His only description of the other man was that he seemed rather tall and heavy set fellow.

Probable cause was found by Judge Enright, and he was ordered to furnish security to the amount of \$1000 for his appearance before the grand jury, which was done.

Charles J. Jaibert was called on concerning the charge of annoying and assaulting persons of the opposite sex. Two young women testified that on last Sunday evening, as they were on their way home shortly before 10 o'clock, defendant followed them for several moments, and that finally they became so frightened that they asked an officer for assistance.

Jaibert said that he is a resident of New Bedford, and has been in this city for about two months. He said that he had not been following the two girls, he had merely been out for a little stroll. He was sentenced to two months in jail and appealed.

Anthony Riley pleaded guilty to the larceny of a pound of tomatoes and a quart of milk from Ella Jordan of Brattle street. The woman said that she had put the milk and tomatoes in the ice box in the hall, and that yesterday afternoon Tony dropped in and helped himself to the before mentioned articles. One month in jail was his portion.

DRAPERY DEPT.
SECOND FLOOR

The Bon Marché
DRY GOODS CO.

SEE
WINDOW
DISPLAY

AFTER STOCK-TAKING CLEARANCE

Four Big Items in Curtains That Deserve Your Attention

FIRST QUALITY CURTAINS At Clearance Prices



VOILE CURTAINS

New Style

Fillet lace edge and insertion, panel effect, full width and length. Value \$5.50.

Sale Price

\$2.25

Pair

MARQUISSETTE CURTAINS

Dutch style, with valance, neat fillet lace edge and insertion, strong and durable.

\$2.50

Pair

SCRIM CURTAINS

Dutch style, with valance, neat hemstitching and lace edge. Value \$1.25

\$1.75. Sale Price, Pair

Marchand Asks \$50,000 Loan

Continued

tioned that a sewer be laid in Princeton street. Referred to Commissioner Murphy.

The report of the license commission for the quarter ending Dec. 30, 1918, was read by its title, accepted and placed on file.

The annual report of the city treasurer relating to special funds for the care of public burial places was accepted and placed on file.

The annual report of the city treasurer and collector of taxes was accepted and placed on file.

The annual report of the city auditor was accepted and placed on file.

Commissioner Morse reported favorably on the following petitions for garage and gasoline and it was voted to grant the necessary licenses: Richard H. Halpin, 438 Chestnut; Arthur E. Smith, 51 Canton, and Haworth & Preston, Chelmsford; and Powell.

Mayor Thompson said that the school committee had approved the petition for retirement and pension of Matthew Ward, a janitor employed in the school department, and read a letter to that effect. He moved that the matter be referred to the law department so that the proper papers of retirement and pension might be drawn up.

City Treasurer's Bond

Mayor Thompson said that Commissioner Donnelly of the finance department had held a conference with the city solicitor and as a result had introduced an ordinance requiring the city treasurer to furnish a penal bond of \$50,000 as security for the faithful discharge of his duties. The ordinance was needed to complete this work.

In many cities there have been deputations of honor paid to the workers, such as the stripe of lieutenant and sergeant, but the Lowell chapter will not undertake such a difficult task.

There will be no discrimination and only one form of certificate. It is expected that there will be a fitting ceremony accompanying the awarding of the insignias, although no definite plans have as yet been made.

Work done at the rooms can only be figured as far back as April, 1917, when the United States entered the war, although the chapter was turning out a great deal of relief work before that date, as early as November, 1916.

Thirty-five sweaters and fifty pairs of socks is the standard amount of work which would entitle a person to a certificate, provided she has spent all the time in knitting.

FAREWELL BANQUET

The inspectors of the re-work department of the International Steel & Ordnance Co. held a farewell banquet in the plant of the company yesterday afternoon, and the affair proved a most enjoyable affair. A beautiful dinner was served during which enjoyable Victoria selections were given and later, during the post-prandial exercises interesting remarks were made by Overseer Charles Woodward and Foreman Charles Kenniston. The committee in charge of the event consisted of the following: Marguerite Tobey, Harriet Wells, Bertha Kenniston, Helen Latham, Georgia Cross, Florence McDonald, Lena E. Sawyer, Dora Mulcahy, Bertha Ehridge, Grace Baron and Ida Boule.

A big bottle kept handy will last long and pay for itself in comfortable relief the first application. Clean, convenient, economical. Can be bought at any drug store. Get it today. 50c. 60c. \$1.20.

Just Use Sloan's Liniment Once

Then You'll Understand Why It's the World's Greatest Pain Relief

Sloan's Liniment does exactly what is claimed for it—relieves quickly without rubbing. It penetrates, useful in relieving external pains, soreness, and stiffness, such as follow exposure, over-exercise, or unusual exertion.

A big bottle kept handy will last long and pay for itself in comfortable relief the first application. Clean, convenient, economical. Can be bought at any drug store. Get it today. 50c. 60c. \$1.20.



The Observant Lady

I attended the meeting of the Textile Workers in Lawrence, Saturday afternoon, and I was surprised to find so few women present. I was particularly interested to hear any remarks which might present the woman's side of the question and also to see if they themselves were interested in the movement. The first thought which came to my mind was that perhaps on account of the nature of the meeting and the possibility of the gathering becoming noisy, the women had remained at home; throughout the meeting order was kept and there were scarcely any sounds to disturb the address. I was accompanied by a woman closely connected with industrial girls of this city, and she expressed a keen disappointment in the lack of interest displayed by the textile women workers. We visited a girls' centre in Lawrence and at this place they were waiting for second hand information concerning the closing statements of our speaker, Vice President McMahon.

The president of the Central Labor Union, James R. Menzie, in his introductory remarks, stated, "There will be an over production in this country, and a shut down will follow. The only remedy to shorten hours. The textile people themselves must consider their welfare." He laid stress on the fact that at present a united effort and co-operation is in definite form, for the benefit of textile workers throughout the United States and Canada. "The steel trusts have adopted the eight hour measure, and hundreds of thousands of people are employed in this line. There is no reason why the textile workers should be the last to follow this arrangement. We buy goods which are made on an eight hour basis and sell our labor on a nine hour basis."

He appealed to his hearers to deal with the matter in an intelligent manner and for that reason he urged that on Feb. 3, they go to their places of business and when eight hours had rolled by, to put up bats and leave immediately for

FAST BECOMES FEAST

West Texas Farmers Left Homes in Wagons, But Oil Wells Win Autos

DALLAS, Texas, Jan. 28.—Some of the West Texas farmers who deserted their homes last summer in pursuit of oil in old prairie wagons are now going back in automobiles. Only one in a three years' drought, they are going back as oil men.

In the area of land where the drought had virtually withered every leaf of vegetation and from which the disheartened farmers departed for the oil fields and other more prosperous sections, are within the new oil districts.

None of the farmers who straggled toward points from the "parched earth" a few months ago can qualify as oil millionaires, according to Avenue of the Oil Men, chamber of commerce, who has just completed a tour of Ranger, Eastland, Cisco, Snyder, Dodge, Decatur, Marion, Gorman and other towns in the heart of the new oil districts. He says the population in many counties almost completely deserted last summer has reached a pre-decelerated density.

Leads are being sold for a few acres of waste farmland since the oil fields, which once brought a year's wage and enormous investments have been found.

The legislature had expected to adopt measures for relief of drought sufferers, but since the discovery of oil little interest has been shown in

"My Little Pets Love Cascarets"

TO MOTHERS! If you will learn to give this harmless candy cathartic to your children, instead of castor oil, calomel and pills, you will save money and avoid lots of worry and trouble. Truly!



When one of the kiddies has a white tongue, a tainted breath, sour stomach or a cold; when bilious, constipated, feverish, remember, a Cascaret to quickly "work" away the nasty bile, sour fermentations and poisons should always be the first treatment given.

Children really like to take candy Cascarets and they never gripe the tender bowels, never injure, and never die. At the worried mother. Give Cascarets to children one year old and upwards. Each 10 cent box contains full directions for children and adults.

IT IS VERY FUNNY

But we haven't time to laugh, as we are terribly busy putting out the OCCIDENT FLOUR, while others are making a desperate effort to stem the tide by all kinds of tactics.

Don't let them fool you. Buy the OCCIDENT and be happy.

Some three weeks ago we agreed to go and board with any one not getting full satisfaction out of OCCIDENT FLOUR, but up to the present time we haven't even got a biscuit.

Ask your grocer for OCCIDENT FLOUR. They all have it.

GEO. E. PUTNAM & SON
205-207 MARKET STREET

Distributor for Lowell and Vicinity.

BLADES' OUTFITTERS

THE STORE THAT IS GROWING

94 MERRIMACK ST., 45 AND 49 MIDDLE ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Other Stores May Equal Our Prices But Never Our Values.

200 NEW Winter Coats

Stunning models, highly dependable materials and expert workmanship—all the desirable colors. Sizes for all including stylish stouts. These values are beyond your greatest expectations. DON'T DELAY—BUT ACT AT ONCE—they won't last long at these prices.

\$10, \$18.50 and \$20



Now comes the opportunity you have eagerly awaited—a real coat sale—not one of those "would be" sales that promise you something for nothing and then give you excuses and alibis. This is the real thing. Come to the store of honest values. Plenty of cold weather coming—so prepare now and save money. Irresistible values in irresistible clothes throughout our store.

Again we say good judges of merchandise and thrifty buyers take advantage of this sacrifice.

000 to \$1,000,000 the house appropriation for improving the Delaware river from Philadelphia to the sea, and eliminated \$500,000 from the lump sum appropriations for general maintenance and improvement of existing works. Increases approved included: Pawtucket, R. I., \$22,720; Hackensack river, N. J., \$55,000.

The only general legislation added by the committee was the amendment of Senator Lehman of Wisconsin, for division by the International Joint Committee of the United States and Canada of the plan for an ocean shipway connecting the Great Lakes and the Atlantic, principally by enlarging the Welland canal.

PEACE TALKS SPEED UP

German Delegates May Be Called to Paris Early in April To Sign Terms

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The council of 10, as the French now call the ministers of the five great powers, had before it for consideration yesterday in executive session among other things, the questions of territorial adjustments, the abolition of conscription and the economic re-construction of Germany. These questions, in accordance with the settled method of procedure, will be referred by the council to selected commissions.

There appears every prospect that the peace conference will make rapid progress in fixing the peace terms for Germany. A high French diplomatic authority is quoted by the Paris edition of the London Daily Mail as estimating that the conference will have the peace terms ready for submission for ratification by the various national governments between middle and the end of March. If this is accomplished the German delegates will be summoned to Paris early in April for the conclusion of the peace.

The delegates of the smaller powers were expected to meet at the foreign office this afternoon to choose representatives to sit on the commissions provided for in the resolutions passed by the peace congress on Saturday. It was understood this morning that the great powers had undertaken to reconsider the decision that the small powers should have among them only five members on these commissions.

Tomorrow evening a dance will be held in Associate hall as one of the affairs designed to boost along the local welcome fund. Other plans will be discussed later.

At last evening's meeting a vote of thanks was extended to Messrs. James O'Sullivan and Otto Heckmeyer and the board of trade for the co-operation which has been given the auxiliary.

The auxiliary would like to have the distinction between the welcome fund and the "comfort" fund for the 101st made clear. The comfort fund is at present being used to care for needy dependents of soldiers in the 101st regiment. It is more or less under central supervision in Boston, but the Lowell auxiliary keeps in touch with the needs here in Lowell and makes a report to the central committee in Boston. The latter then sends on whatever funds are necessary.

The welcome fund is purely a local affair and is designed wholly for the soldiers themselves when they return to this city.

HEARD BLIND MUSICIAN

Joseph A. Marshall gave a piano recital on Sunday afternoon in the studio of William Heller. He was assisted by Francis Heller, bartons and William C. Heller, cimbal. A large number were present to hear this young musician, who is totally blind. Mr. Heller daily practices that Mr. Marshall has made such rapid strides, and his work is deserving of great praise.

EVERYONE LIKES THIS GOLD CURE

PURCHASING WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Postmaster John E. Medean tells The Sun that as a result of the many cases which have come to the attention of the government of various loan companies buying War Savings Stamps at below value, the postmaster will not make a payment on War Savings Stamps certified in the future in which the name of the owner has not been entered, or on which it has been erased or changed.

"Since under the regulations governing the sale of these bonds they are not transferable," continued the postmaster, "and are payable only to the original owner, excepting in cases of death or disability, I have received instructions not to pay War Savings certificates to any persons or firms known to be buying or publishing offering to buy these stamps."

"This is done to protect the public from loan companies and unscrupulous persons who have been purchasing War Savings Stamps much below

the sum in the back in this manner unless it is vitally necessary."

ADD HALF MILLION TO WATERWAYS BILL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The rivers and harbors bill revised upward by about \$5,000,000 and includes new appropriations of \$3,000,000 for the Ohio river and \$1,000,000 for the Allegheny river. It was reported by the Senate committee. As it passed the house the measure carried \$37,000,000. The Ohio and Allegheny items are for locks and dams.

The committee reduced from \$2,500,

MEAT CROQUETTES

2 cups chopped meat Salt, pepper and onion juice to taste
1 cup thick white sauce Few grains of nutmeg
Mix meat with hot white sauce, made as follows:
1 tablespoon Mazola 1 teaspoon salt
1/4 cup flour 1/4 teaspoon pepper
1 cup cream or rich milk

Put Mazola in a pan, add the flour and mix well. Add the liquid and cook over a slow fire, stirring constantly till it boils. Add seasoning last. Spread on platter to cool. When cold shape into cylinders, roll in bread crumbs, then in egg and again in bread crumbs. Fry in Mazola and drain on brown paper. Serve with a thin white sauce or tomato sauce.

—and you don't know how good meat croquettes can be until you have made them after this recipe with Mazola

THIS splendid luncheon or dinner dish is supremely delicious when made with Mazola.

Giving better results in frying than lard or cooking "compounds"—Mazola is also much more economical. Can be used over and over. Never carries odor or flavor from one food to another.

And food cooked with this delicate oil from golden corn is easier to digest.

Mazola at your grocer's in pint, quart or gallon tins.

Ask for the Mazola Book of Recipes or write us direct—free on request.

MAZOLA

The Delicious Salad and Cooking Oil
Produced by the CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
PO BOX 161 NEW YORK

Selling Representatives

AHERN & CAHOON, 131 State St., Boston, Mass.

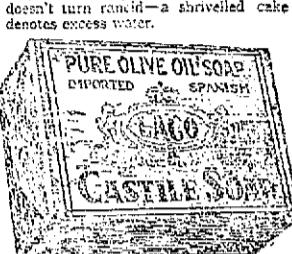
UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

Pays Tribute to Late Thomas B. Fitzpatrick as Patriot and Philanthropist

At a recent meeting of the remnant of the United Irish League, called to take action on the death of Mr. Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, who died at his home in Brookline, Jan. 15, Mr. Michael Connolly presided, and Martin O'Donnell was secretary. Mr. Edward J. Gallagher had been invited to prepare a tribute to deceased and he delivered the signed eulogy which was adopted by the meeting. A delegation consisting of Michael Connolly, Patrick Connolly, C. J. Conroy, Bryan McFadden, P. J. Frawley and Mr. Gallagher was named to attend the memorial meet-

HOW TO KNOW
PURE CASTILE SOAP

For years people have been deceived by many so-called Castile Soaps because neither the scent nor eye detect the imitation. Pure Castile is of white texture, made from pure Olive Oil only; cake doesn't turn rancid—a shriveled cake denotes excess water.

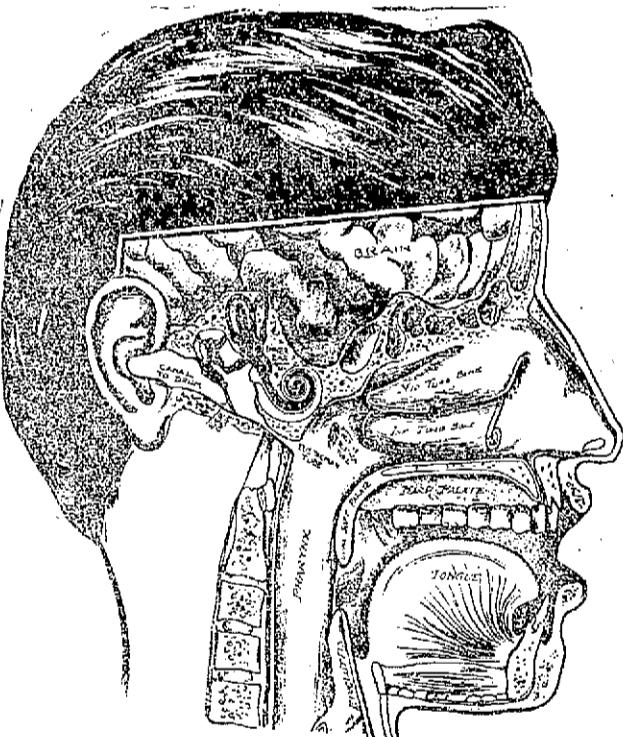


Lace is firm and solid, made from pure Olive Oil—a product of 112 years expert soap making by one family in Spain—an absolutely pure Castile Soap. Try it.

ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS SELL IT
LOCKWOOD, BRACKETT & CO., BOSTON
Sale Importers of Laco Castile Soap

IS YOUR TROUBLE
IN YOUR HEAD?

THE "DISEASES THAT KILL" OFTEN START AS TROUBLE IN THE HEAD OR THROAT



X-Ray drawing of the inside of the head and throat. These parts are usually first attacked by Catarrh. Catarrh causes colds and colds lead to many of the "DISEASES THAT KILL."

WHY CATARRH Nostribs Clogged
IS RISKY

Have you pains over the right eye, pains over the left eye, pain across the front of the head? Do you take cold easily, sneeze a great deal? Do you sneeze until you become dizzy? Does first one nostril, then the other, close? Have you a discharge from your nostrils? Are you losing your sense of smell? Do your teeth form in your nose? Do you sleep with your mouth open? Do you have a sore throat? Do you find your voice gone? Do your hair fall out? Do you have to be constantly coughing? Is the throat in your head? Do you have unnatural sounds in the nose? Do you feel as though steam exhalation or like water falling down your face feel like they were dropped into it? Is the wax hard in your ears? Do your ears discharge?

Have you stiffness after eating? Do you sleep with your eyes wide apart? Does your heart palpitate? Does your heart race and pound? Do you start to breathe on going up stairs?

Have you pains in the chest? Have you stiffness around the shoulders? Do you get stiffness in your side? Have you a desire to vomit? Do you shudder? Have you an irritating cough?

These are important questions for you to answer. If they indicate catarrh at work in the nostrils and throat, in others they indicate catarrh that is spreading from the nostrils and throat into the ear tubes, and this may rob you of your hearing.

In others it indicates diseases that begin like a cold in the nostrils and throat but which have traveled down into the windpipe and lung tubes. Diseases in the air passages make sore places. This causes the chest pains and the cough that brings up the material thrown off by the sore places.

ing to be held in Boston in honor of Mr. Fitzpatrick.

Mr. Gallagher spoke as follows:

It is fitting that we pay tribute to the memory of Mr. Fitzpatrick whose death is mourned as that of a merchant prince, a model citizen, a philanthropist, whose benefactions were never exploited in public, the friend and generous supporter of every good cause and as we knew him a most devoted leader in the movement for the freedom of Ireland.

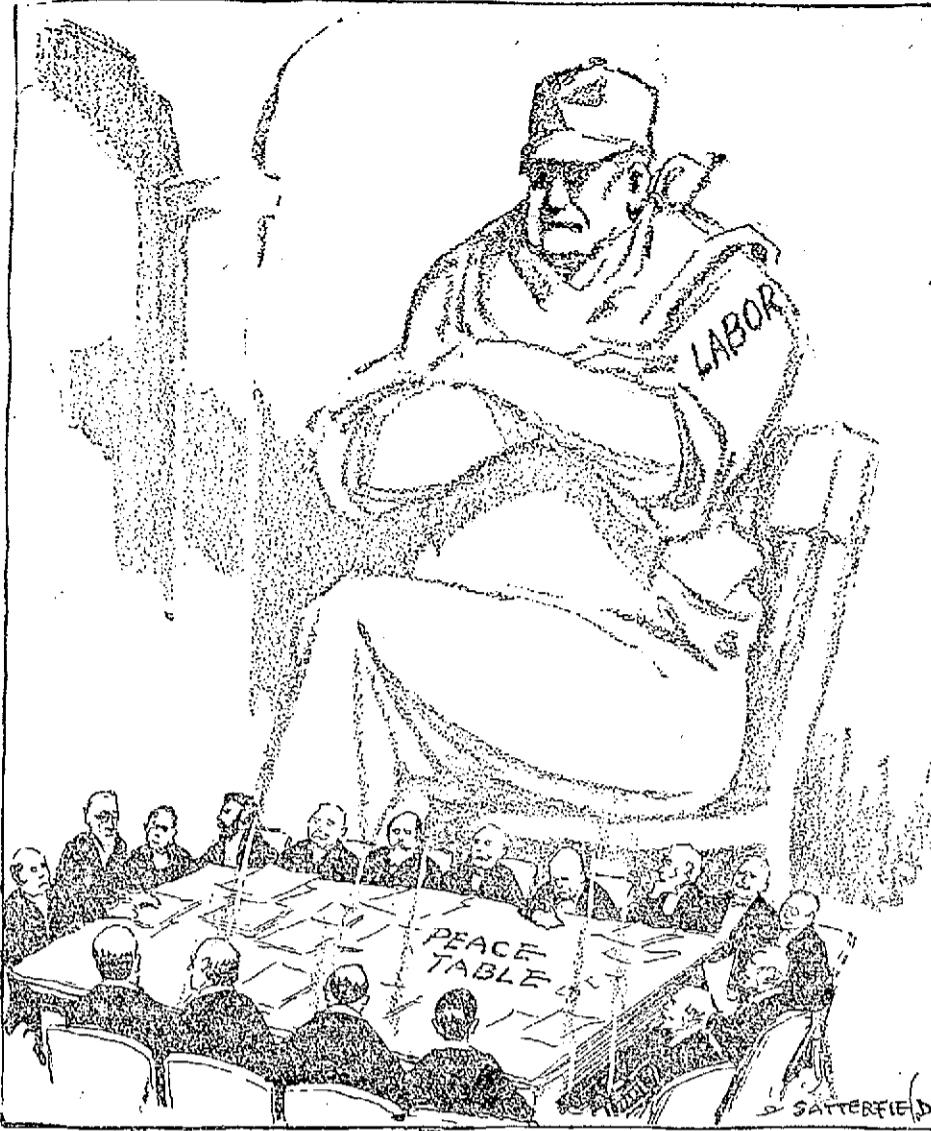
He was a man of deep religious faith and a nobility of soul that shone out in his saintly life, his charitable works, his simple manners, his unassuming modesty, his uniform courtesy, his gentle, kindly nature and his incorruptible integrity.

His was a many-sided character, like a great orb of light that radiated its effulgence on all sides. We who knew him only in the Irish movement felt that apart from his mercantile business, that was the chief object of his devotion. But the charitable bodies with which he was connected, felt that his main devotion was given to their line of work and so on around the circle in which he did such splendid work for truth and justice, for the relief of the poor and oppressed, for country, God and humanity.

The cases are rare in which a high dignitary of the Catholic church stands as the bier of any layman to extol his character. Yet His Eminence, Cardinal O'Connell, pronounced a very high encomium upon the character of Mr. Fitzpatrick as a man whom wealth could not corrupt, and whose devotion to God and the good of his fellowmen reflected true Christian virtues and nobility of soul.

When looking from the window of a moving train you may have often noticed on the distant horizon a tall tree standing out against the sky, and rising majestically above the surrounding forest. So did Mr. Fitzpatrick tower above the multitude in character, in virtue, in high purpose and in devotion to the cause of charity and human freedom.

In his youthful years, the stories of widespread suffering and death resulting from famine in Ireland and due to landlord oppression, sank deeply into his young mind, and so, when the Land League movement was inaugurated here in the early '80s, it was but



THE SILENT DELEGATE

natural to find Mr. Fitzpatrick throwing himself into its activities with all his energy, zeal and enthusiasm. From that time until Premier Asquith betrayed Ireland in refusing to put the Home Rule Act into operation, Mr. Fitzpatrick was one of the most ardent leaders and most generous supporters of the constitutional movement in this country. As treasurer of the United Irish League of the United States, his well known honesty and patriotism gave the fullest assurance that every dollar placed in his hands would be faithfully used for the purpose intended while his princely contributions were not equalled by those of any other man in the United States. His contributions to the Irish cause in the last 30 years exceeded \$50,000, but that sum was of slight value compared to the inspiration of his leadership and the prestige of his name. He never gave publicly except when his contributions might help to inspire others to follow his example.

During his day a peaceful revolution was effected in Ireland; legislation was enacted to remove the incubus of landlordism and to transfer the land to the people; the mud cabins were demolished and 50,000 comfortable dwellings took their places; the people of the congested districts were moved to the rich lands formerly the open pastures for the herds of the landlords; county councils were established, the educational system was improved, a great national university was established in Dublin and finally a home rule act was placed on the statute book of Great Britain.

Nothing remained to complete the national program but the establishment of an Irish parliament in Dublin and I know that it was the fondest dream of Mr. Fitzpatrick's life to see that a reality.

He had become wealthy, he had a beautiful family all trained in the callings of their personal preference and every hope of his life had been realized except that of seeing Ireland raised to the dignity of an independent and self-governing nation, maintaining her national characteristics and working out her own destiny.

I firmly believe that the disappointment at seeing the cup of freedom again dashed from Ireland's lips so preyed upon his mind, that it hastened his end, just as John E. Redmond, his highly esteemed friend and co-worker, was sent to his grave by disappointment and betrayal.

I had known Mr. Fitzpatrick for 34 years, always the sincere, earnest, devoted worker for the freedom of Ireland through the parliamentary method of O'Connell, Parnell and Redmond. I attended many conferences between Mr. Redmond, Mr. Fitzpatrick and others and heard them discuss the policies to be adopted under home rule in Ireland. The first step was to treat Ulster as well as in a short time all prejudice would be overcome and the people of the north and south, the east and the west, would all unite in harmony for the uplift of their common country. American capital was to be induced to establish textile factories, shoe shops and other industries in Ireland. The transportation system was to be improved, scientific methods of farming were to be introduced and the

natural resources of the country were to be fully developed, so that the people would have no cause to emigrate but rather to remain at home and help to build up a free, prosperous and contented nation. That was Mr. Fitzpatrick's dream of an independent Ireland. Is it any wonder that he was bitterly disappointed when his hopes were blasted almost on the point of realization?

Mr. Fitzpatrick paid me a visit at The Sun office in October when he was convalescing after a severe spell of heart trouble. He told me then as he had previously written me, that if through the peace conference small nations were given autonomy, England would soon be forced by the public opinion of the world to grant Ireland her own destiny.

At the triumph of the struggle of 500 years, a triumph that will resound to Ireland her freedom as a nation and make her once more mistress of her own destiny.

But the work led by Parnell, Davitt, Redmond, Fitzpatrick and other leaders in the constitutional movement has not been in vain even though their efforts to follow his example.

During his day a peaceful revolution was effected in Ireland; legislation was enacted to remove the incubus of landlordism and to transfer the land to the people; the mud cabins were demolished and 50,000 comfortable dwellings took their places; the people of the congested districts were moved to the rich lands formerly the open pastures for the herds of the landlords; county councils were established, the educational system was improved, a great national university was established in Dublin and finally a home rule act was placed on the statute book of Great Britain.

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crowning battle has been lost through no fault of theirs. The movement brought Ireland to the very threshold of national freedom and it now remains only for the present generation to take up the struggle and bear it on to victory by whatever method gives the greatest promise of immediate success.

The memory of this great good man, who was the exemplar of so many sterling virtues, will remain at once a precious heritage and an inspiration to his family and friends while the institutions which have been the beneficiaries of his benevolence will continue to bless his name. He labored to leave the world better than he found it and in that direction, he accomplished, despite what we know of his good works, far more than the world will ever know.

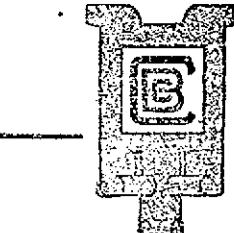
**THE MERRIMACK RIVER
DEVELOPMENT BILL**

(Special to The Sun)

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 28.—Wednesday, March 12, appears likely to be the day assigned by the legislative committee on harbors and public lands for hearing the \$7,000,000 Merrimack river development bill.

It has been practically agreed by the officers of the committee that the hearing will be held on a day convenient for Congressmen Rogers, Larkin and Phelan, and yesterday Representative Victor F. Jewett received from Congressman Rogers a letter stating that any day in the week beginning March 10 will be agreeable to the congressman.

The harbors and public lands committee sits regularly on Wednesday and Friday of each week, and as there is some prospect that the hearing cannot be completed in a single day, it is thought probable that it will be assigned for the date mentioned, in order



**Altar Brand
Candles**

Self-fitting ends

For CANDLE-MAS DAY

21¢ Each

2 for 40¢

4 for 78¢

Free City Delivery

C. B. Coburn Co.
63 Market Street.

that the continued hearing, if necessary, may be held in the same week.

Congressman Rogers' letter is as follows:

Rep. Victor F. Jewett,
House of Representatives,
Boston, Massachusetts.
Dear Victor:

I have received your letter of the 24th and have conferred with my colleagues, Messrs. Phelan and Larkin, concerning the hearing upon the Merrimack river.

I think that any day of the week beginning March 16 would in all probability enable the three Merrimack Valley congressmen to be present.

Sincerely yours,

JOHN JACOB ROGERS,
HOT.

**WHO'LL SAY THIS
TURK TOUGH BIRD?**

NORTH SACO, Me., Jan. 28.—Tax Collector Charles H. Innes, who owns a small farm on the Jenkins road, was surprised to find a turkey he had supposed the foxes had killed and eaten eight weeks ago in the haymow yesterday. The bird was still alive and as poor as a crow, but responded to a breakfast of hot mush and in the afternoon was as lively as a chicken.

The gobbler disappeared two months ago, and the tax collector told his neighbors the foxes had stolen his prize bird. The turkey had flown to the top of the barn and got caught between the mow and a beam.

Before taking your train home from Boston to The Sun either newsstand in the North station.

Rialto Cloak & Suit Store

\$4 GEORGETTE and CREPE
DE CHINE WAISTS, At
This Sale..... \$2.77

25 DOZEN WAISTS, \$2.00
Values. At
This Sale... \$1.00

**WOMEN'S and MISSES'
Coats,
Dresses
AND
Suits****YOU NEVER SAW SUCH WONDERFUL BARGAINS**

And You Probably Never Will Again, So You'd Better Hurry, for They Certainly Will Not Last Long;
JUST THINK OF IT!

COATS

Made of heavy wool
velvets and meltons,
some with kit coney,
plush and plain collars;
values up to
\$20.00. At this sale

\$15.77

DRESSES

Mannish and French serges,
all wool jerseys, styles are
in the wanted tones, panels
or straight line effects,
braided and buttoned trim-
med; values to \$50.00. At
this sale

\$11.77

SUITS

Splendid models, in
serge, broadcloth, ve-
lours and silvertones;
values to \$50.00. At
this sale

\$22.77

ALL OTHER GARMENTS REDUCED ASTONISHINGLY LOW

\$50.00 COATS, reduced to.... \$23.77
\$60.00 COATS, reduced to.... \$32.77

\$22.50 DRESSES, reduced to \$14.77
\$25.00 DRESSES, reduced to \$18.77

\$35.00 SUITS, reduced to.... \$16.77
\$7.00 SKIRTS, reduced to.... \$4.77

New Rialto Building, Opposite Strand Theatre

117-119 CENTRAL STREET

Fred J. Nevery, Manager

Celery
King

is sold in every drug store in the land. It's fine for indigestion too and for fevers and colds. Same old remedy that thousands swear by.

J. R. POWELL, M.D.
SPECIALIST
PERMANENT OFFICES:
Room 9, Rialto Building, Merrimack
Square, Lowell

Hours: a.m. to 3 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.
6 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.

Letters From Lowell Soldiers

The following letter was received by Capt. Redmond Welch of the local police department from his cousin George St. Walsh, K Co., 16th Inf. A.M.C.

Dear Cousin—Well, no doubt you will be surprised to hear from me now but today I received your very welcome and interesting letter and I certainly was glad to hear from you. First of all, I am in the mud and since you have written to me and asked after me as well. Be sure and tell your mother that I know the good news you said for we were surely heard.

I certainly enjoyed myself yesterday (Christmas) and we had a wonderful dinner and roasting and all the fixings. We expected to be reviewed by President Wilson, but owing to a hitch in his program he could not visit us. Nevertheless, we had a good time, although it was my second Christmas in France. The weather is the weather over in the states. We got a "boucoup de" rain and mud. Do you "comprend" the word quoted? It is very cold here but I guess we can stand it until we start back for the states, which I hope will be soon.

Gen. Colle our brigadier commander spoke at our Christmas dinner and what he said was very favorable and I guess it is not far off when we set sail for the states. Now to tell you that I am glad the war is over. Sometimes I can hardly realize it. We are

A country worth fighting for! The man who may be driving rivets in a ship or a tank is backing up the boys at the front. It is not on the battlefields alone that this war is being fought. It is waged behind the lines, in the factory, in the workshop, on the farm and in the home as truly as in the trenches. The pale-cheeked woman at home as well as the workman in the shop feels that lack of "snap" and energy which red blood should bring. Perhaps he or she has had an attack of the Influenza, in consequence the blood lacks tone. Perhaps the red blood corpuscles are

leaking. Build up the blood with an iron-tonic tablet, called "Ironite," first discovered and made by Dr. Pierce. After taking this tonic tablet you have good red blood and an active liver, and you can face the enemy successfully—whether it is the germs of grip, a common cold or spring fever. America needs its strong men, and American men need to be strong. Then there is that blood-maker and herbal tonic which has borne the recommendations of many thousands of people during the past fifty years. It is called Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and can be had in tablet form at almost all drug stores at 60 cents a vial. It has the right combination of herbal extracts to bring "pep," vim, vitality and vigor to you. When you have taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Tablets you will feel the red blood coursing through veins and arteries, and you will be surprised to find how easy it is to tackle every "job," every undertaking calling for responsibility or efficiency. The man who takes this tonic tablet has iron nerves for hardships, and an interest in "the drive" grips him. Be sure and ask for Dr. Pierce's.

Lowell, Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

The Wonderful Values OFFERED IN OUR Basement Department Clearances

Brought throngs of eager buyers to the several sections. Our great Underpriced Basement has, since its inception, been ever the foremost bargain place of this section of New England. Now when we offer our own bargains at reduced prices it means values that no economical shopper will care to miss. Yesterday saw every section crowded to its utmost. Today should not be one whit lacking in excitement—"For there are great money savings here," such as:

In the Dry Goods Section

3000 YARDS BLEACHED COTTON at 15¢ Yard

25¢ value. 3000 yards of full yard-wide bleached cotton, very fine quality, nice soft finish, slightly imperfect; 25¢ value, at 15¢ Yard

2000 YARDS OF DOMET FLANNEL at 10¢ Yard

2000 yards of Domet Flannel remnants, nice warm flannel; 15¢ value, at 10¢ Yard

LADIES' LONG SILK GLOVES at 25¢

\$1.00 to \$1.50 value. To close, about 30 dozen Ladies' Long Silk Gloves, very fine quality, black and colors, at 25¢ Pair

LADIES' MERCERIZED LISLE HOSE at 25¢ Pair

50¢ value. Two cases of ladies' very fine quality Mercerized Lisle Hose, double soles, high spliced heel and toe; black and white; odd lots and run of the mill; 50¢ value, at 25¢ Pair

PALMER STREET

BASEMENT

try, put the best German shot troops to rout in the Apremont woods and for our due job the French government decorated our soldiers with the Croix de Guerre, the only recognition we got such honor. We held different parts of the line on that sector, then we went to Chateau Thierry front the 29th of June. When we hit up at the Chateau Thierry sector the Germans were still holding toward Paris. We were out in the mud the night before July 4th in the Meuse woods and I say that it was the toughest night "before" I ever spent. We had all kinds of fireworks and noise.

It was there in the morning of July 1st that we first want over the top and it was the turning point of the war. We sure put up a good fight and it was on that front, July 23, that I came near getting mine. I was with a squad of men trying to rescue another squad that when a German shell exploded, the highest explosive type went off among us, it killed or wounded all of them and I was blown about 20 feet in the air. I was knocked unconscious and lay there in the hot sun for a long time, for about a week but after excellent care I came out all right. I got back to the company. Then we went up to the St. Mihiel sector and started a drive there Sept. 12. We kicked the hounds very easy up there and on Oct. 12 went into Verdun and that was a hell by itself.

We had hard scrapping all the time there and on the night of Oct. 20 I got a bad dose of gas and I thought I was a goner sure but I was lucky and when I got it OK, I left the lines there and that was the last scrap I saw as I was in the hospital when the armistice was signed. I could tell you more but I will wait until get home and then I will write again of my experiences as a soldier. I have seen many Lowell fellows over here and often I have a chat with Francis Sheehan. I have not seen my brother over here yet but expect to see him soon as I will get ten days of leave next week. There are quite a couple of Greek fellows from Lowell in my company, who know you. One of them, Thomas Noucas, is now an interpreter in the base censor's office. I felt sorry when Capt. Paul Kittredge was killed, for he was probably known here well, for he was a young lieutenant in Company M, the old Ninth. I think he was a member of the Lowell police force as he was appointed since being over here. He was killed by shell fire in the city of Verdun and was buried in the Chateau cemetery there.

I saw Sarge. Jack Donovan, the soldier cop in the 14th Railway Engineers. Lieut. John Leggett is attached to the headquarters of the 2nd Brigade and stationed there in command of the 12th Machine Gun battalion in France.

Somewhere in Germany, Dec. 12, '18.

Dear Sister:

I suppose when you look at the heading of this letter you will be surprised to see where it is from. Nevertheless, it is true, because at present, I am in a German town called Rubenbach, which is about seven kilometers from Coblenz which is the "Yankees" goal. Last year I lettered the last week of November, telling you that our division (the 22d) was one that was picked to follow the Germans back to their own soil. At that time, I was in the country of Luxembourg and our hike was just about half done. By the looks of things now, I guess it is all done for a while anyway.

About the hike, I must say that it sure was a good one. I am sure they never had a hike like it over in the States. We started Sunday, Nov. 17, and hiked for two days. We then rested one day. Then we hiked for four days and rested a week. Our last stop was in Luxembourg. On Sunday, Dec. 1, we hiked into Germany, this being the first day we were on German soil. On Dec. 2 and 3 there was more hiking and on the fourth came a rest and also a payday for us. I received four months' pay which I was badly in need of. On Dec. 5 we started again and hiked until the 11th until we reached our present stand. I do not know how far we hiked altogether, but for a guess, I will say between 150 and 200 miles.

The second day out on the hike my feet started to blister and they remained so until about the 7th. On that day I had them lanced and after that I felt as though I had a new pair of feet, because when I finished I certainly felt better than when I started. On this hike, I saw some wonderful scenes which will tell you about when return home. It was like seeing the world on henheads. We started from France then through Luxembourg, and then through Germany until we are now not very far from the Rhine. How long we will be here, I have not the slightest idea. Of course, hiking and moving from one town to another is hard and tiresome, but I don't mind that so much, because it is a great deal better than sitting out in a muddy shell hole shooting "rumshrikers," which is an English name for some of the German big shells.

I suppose you want to know how I am feeling. Well, at present I am fine and feeling fit for about anything. We have had wonderful weather over here, although we get quite a bit of rain. The weather would remind you of our spring weather cool mornings, warm in the day with showers once in a while.

Now that I have seen part of England, France, Luxembourg and Germany, I must say the United States is certainly God's country. In all those countries the houses are built of stone and brick and their outside appearance doesn't look as though they are very comfortable.

I couldn't finish this letter here, because on the 12th we moved again and on the 13th we crossed the Rhine. We then rested a night and started again on the 14th until we reached our present quarters. We are billeted in a nice hayloft which feels as good to me as a feather bed.

Before I close I must tell you that both George Clark and I enjoy your letters, because they are certainly very bright and contain all the news from Lowell. Tell mother that I am feeling fit and expect to be home within a few months.

Hoping that everyone at home is in the best of health. I remain
Yours sincerely,
GEORGE.

Private Edward Lawson

Mrs. Ernest Landgren, wife of the proprietor of the Goodyear Shoe Repairing Co., has received the following letter from her brother, Private Edward Lawson of the Quartermaster Corps overseas:

Dec. 25, 1918.

Dear Mrs. Landgren, I am very sorry to let you know that you are also as well as Ernest after his addition. We spent Christmas day here in camp. We had roast pork, bread, puddings, bread and butter and coffee. I enjoyed it very much. I received a Christmas box from the YMCA containing one bar of chocolate, some pencils, and cigarettes. I gave the chocolates away but did not smoke them. In the evening we went to the YMCA restaurant. A lot of the boys ate there to eat. It cost me three francs, or 40 cents. The French money system is very hard to learn.

There are some postal cards of President Wilson's picture. I saw him when he was on the train last night.

They made the day a real treat.

It is not very cold here, but the weather is unpleasant just now as it rains every day and makes walking very muddy. I am still working on trucks up to two weeks ago but now we are living in wooden barracks,



Exciting Days in Old Virginia

"Cunningham had spread some especially choice Virginia leaf on the roof to brighten in the sun. Tommy, the youngest boy, correctly judged where the flaming arrow would fall and climbing nimbly up the ladder, reached it before the fire had burned down through the tobacco to the roof itself."

—Our Forefathers' Days, page 198

VIRGINIA tobacco—there's so much more to it!

There's flavor; there's zest; there's taste! An ordinary cigarette seems "tame," almost lifeless, when you know the taste of Virginia tobacco.

Virginia has "life" and sparkle. It makes a cigarette mean something! You will relish that Virginia taste in a Piedmont. Just try this all-Virginia cigarette—today.

* * * * *

"A package of Piedmonts, please."

The All-Virginia Cigarette Piedmont

20 for 15¢

NOTE — Piedmonts with all their taste-quality cost less than cigarettes of foreign-grown tobacco which have to tack on the cost of import duty. If you want all value in place of part value ask for Piedmont, the all-Virginia cigarette.

Lippett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Memory of Co. C of the 10th Infantry in France:

Le Meos, France, Jan. 5, 1919.

Dear Mother: Just a few lines to let you know that I am fine and hope you are the same. I am in Class B2 and now I am off to the states as soon as I get my service record. Then I'll be in my way home. I'll also have

descriptions of our outfit, the 10th, ready to give you. We have many decorations, including our Division insignia, the letters "V.D." that goes on our left shoulder. All the men of the 10th will get these decorations from the French people.

We had an hour's break in the trenches. After the sixth time in we were given the enameled glasses for the good work we had done. This camp can't be called sunny France. It is more like mud France. They have done in two weeks what took a week.

This is the only good part of it. The old captain of my regiment is here. I am going downtown to see him. His name is Father de Valie. It's a wonder and went over the top in the mud every day and got the chance.

Some of the boys from Massachusetts have left for the states. Will have to close now. With love, JIMMIE.

will not be able to appear. The society was most fortunate, however, in obtaining Miss Christine Schutz of

New York, a contralto whom the society has been trying unsuccessfully to engage for some time. Just by chance she had this evening's date open and

a social, local music lesson with

have the pleasure of hearing her. She has never sung in Lowell, but has appeared with the Handel and Haydn society.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be
Constipated
and Happy



A Remedy That
Makes Life
Worth Living

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price

Genuine bear signature
Bentwood

A BSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but

CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

GOOD SEATS LEFT FOR CONCERT

There are still a few good seats left for tonight's concert by the Choral society. There was a heavy demand for tickets this afternoon but the box office reopened late this afternoon and will continue open until the concert actually begins at 8 o'clock.

Word has been received that Madame Van der Veer, the contralto who was scheduled to appear this evening, has been taken ill with a cold and



DENTISTS

TEL. 5155

16 Amesbury Street, Merrimack Square
LOWELL, MASS.



THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SIX BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the law for regulation of all news dispatched by wire or otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

IN GOOD COMPANY

The Advertiser did you ever stop to consider the character of the moral tone of the newspaper in which you placed your ad? It may be worth while to give it some thought.

The Sun stands for a clean, honest and business-like city government among other things.

The Sun believes American citizenship is something the citizen should take up himself if he is going to enjoy the prosperity of America.

The Sun believes in helping men and women who work in the mills and shops and helping also the men who employ them. By this means it helps the community as a whole.

Your ad in this paper is in the best of company. The Sun is an honest paper to be used by honest merchants to advertise their legitimate business. Over 2000 homes welcome this paper every evening because it is honest, clean up to the minute, respectable and reliable. These elements have made

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

AMERICANIZATION

We are in a great crusade for Americanization, one in which the immigrant is the central figure, his rights, his aims and interests and welfare the things to be considered. By helping him upward we hope to make him loyal to our flag. That is the aim of Americanization.

The frontier was the great Americanizer. When Englishmen, Irishmen, Germans and Scandinavians formed the point of a wedge of civilization pushing into the forest, the pressure of common work moulded them into Americans.

The little frontier society, passing in a few years from the semi-savagery of the hunting and fishing stage to contemporary civilization, blotted out racial differences. Such co-operative neighborhood undertaking as logging, house-raising and corn-husking built a common citizenship in doing common tasks.

The foreign colonies of the great cities came with the disappearance of the frontier. As nationalities drew trade, political and residential lines, they built race partitions in our "polyglot boarding house."

Then came the great common task of the war, when we carried the frontier of American democracy overseas.

The national army became the great Americanizer. It did the greatest common task in history. Men who march, eat, sleep, fight and suffer the danger of injury and death in a common cause lose sight of race differences.

Fifty nationalities marched away to the Great Crusade and came marching back Americans all.

Americanism is the child of the frontier. It was born of the conquest of a continent. It develops only in a crusade against common difficulties. We need a frontier and a crusade today. Nothing else does the work. Instruction in English or in civics is not enough.

These only supply the necessary tools for the work of Americanization. They may be misapplied. They have been used for the destruction of Americanism.

It is the frontier, the crusade, the common task that makes us Americans. The frontier is before us. The crusade is calling.

Society is advancing. Its problems were never more urgent. Its frontier is now social and political, rather than geographical and primitive. But the call still goes out for frontiersmen, pioneers, crusaders.

Instead of forests, prairie, deserts and swamps, we must now advance against ignorance, disease, poverty and injustice. Instead of foreign autocracy, we fight against domestic greed and tyranny, and the new menace, Bolshevism in all its forms.

The immigrant must be relieved of these evils, he must be protected against conditions that make him feel he is not on a level with the average American. Let us give him the opportunity and then it will not be our fault if he still remains at the bottom of the ladder.

There is a great crusade on for the Americanization of all classes of immigrants and, if rightly understood, there is no reason why it should not succeed.

It does not profit at his race, his creed or his nationality, but it asks him to do what he means to give his allegiance to this country, to give some manifestation of his purpose by learning our language and otherwise preparing himself for assuming the duties of citizenship.

LEAGUE OF PEACE

President Wilson has carried his point, and the league to enforce peace is an accomplished fact.

The sooner now are either signed into law or else they ask men to meet more details, still holding to the standard that we expect their position that man is such an

THE LOWELL SUN TUESDAY JANUARY 28 1919

Hence we believe it would be a good idea to drop the salary feature altogether in connection with the aldermen.

Why not try it?

SOLDIERS' JOBS

Here is a suggestion to help in fair treatment for the soldier and a speedy return to normal conditions.

Mr. Business Man, are you taking back the soldier boys who went from your business into the army? Are you finding places for other soldier boys who come to you seeking work?

If you are, you can make your example right through the medium of your service flag, and perform a duty as patriotic as that which first led to its display.

Whenever one of your boys comes back to his job put a white star, slightly smaller, over one of the blue, thus leaving a rim of blue appearing around the white.

Whenever you hire a soldier boy whom you did not employ before, put a white star in the red border of your service flag.

If any of your boys have given their lives in the service, you will, of course, have placed a golden star for each over the blue of the service flag.

Two years ago, our boys began to leave their places in civil life to cross the water and fight the battles for the freedom of the world.

As each one left, you proudly placed a blue star on your service flag and showed to the world the loyalty of your workers.

Today they are coming back.

Others have filled their places while they were gone, or the places have not been filled. But most of them want with the promise that there would be a place for them when they returned.

It is time for you now to show your loyalty to them.

They have given months of their lives, made money sacrifice, perhaps have suffered in health or have been crippled by war. You owe it to them to adjust your business so that those who want to return to you may do so.

You may be twice as proud of your service flag when white stars cover the blue. And if there is a well-filled margin of white stars, you'll be helping Uncle Sam to solve his biggest problem, the problem of the returning soldier.

CONFIDENCE

During the great monetary panic of 1857, there was a meeting of bank presidents in New York. Several of them estimated the percentage of specie withdrawn from their banks during the day at from 50 per cent to 75 per cent of the total. Then Moses Taylor of the City bank said, "We had in bank this morning \$400,000, this evening \$470,000.

Under Mr. Taylor's management, the public's confidence in the City bank had grown until people had simply withdrawn their money from other institutions and deposited it in the City bank.

Confidence is the one greatest asset, any man or institution can have, and it is the one sure foundation for wealth, honor or anything that you may consider success.

The confidence of your fellow men is a most valuable asset in every walk of life.

Confidence is not built in a day, a week or a year. It takes a lifetime of hard and honorable effort and often, when it has been so gained, it can be lost by some misstep in a day, ay, in a single hour, and once so lost it is rarely if ever regained.

Between Mann and Gillett, the republicans in congress are waging a hot battle. Mann has been fiercely attacked by Senator Sherman of Illinois, the state from which Mann also hails, and that should be a recommendation in his favor. Very few men who show any decency escape the vitriolic attacks of the foul-mouthed Sherman. Gillett is now put forward as the "liberal" candidate, whatever that may mean.

RESOURCES, Atlantic City, N. J.

On the ocean front Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment without extravagance AMERICAN & ENGLISH LIBRARY & TEA ROOMS MAILED Wm. A. Leech, Jr.

CHARLES
ON THE OCEAN FRONT
Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment without extravagance
AMERICAN & ENGLISH LIBRARY & TEA ROOMS
MAILED Wm. A. Leech, Jr.

224
FACTORY OUTPUT 200,000 DAILY
PICKLED AND CANNED
BROTH & SOUP
POULTRY & MEAT

George H. Allard
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Has resumed practice at 425 High Street Building PHONE 60

SEEN AND HEARD

Germany's greatest loss in the war was her future.

The crown prince's last interview will be a great "noose" story.

For some decades Germany will wear a hobble skirt of her own making.

"Check, rein wanted on congressmen," says a contemporary. Well, they'll be using the old rain checks again.

Much of the world's grief may be traced to the fact that a little prosperity leads men to speak of "the common people."

The difference between the Kaiser's case and that of another thus in jail awaiting the action of a grand jury is that the Kaiser has the privilege of calling it internment.

His Specialty

A young Irishman recently applied for a job as lifesaver at the municipal bath.

As he was about 6 feet 6 inches tall and well built, the chief lifesaver gave him an application blank to fill out.

"By the way," said the chief lifesaver, "can you swim?"

"No," replied the applicant, "but I wade like fishes."—Farmer and Breeder.

Truth Will Out

In the schoolroom the teacher was trying to illustrate a phrase found in the reading lesson, "a debt of gratitude."

"Jimmie, think of the care your parents have given you and all that they have done for you. Don't you think you owe them something?"

"Well," said honest Jimmie, "I don't know about that, but I do know that my dad owes me 50 cents."—Indianapolis News.

All Twisted

"Spell your name!" said the court clerk sharply.

The witness began: "O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double—"

"Wait!" ordered the clerk. "Begin again!"

The witness began: "O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O—"

"Your Honor," roared the clerk, "I beg that this man be committed for contempt of court!"

"What is your name?" asked the judge.

"My name, Your Honor, is Ottwell Wood, and I spell it O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O, E."

Complete Failure

Mrs. Newlywed was entertaining for the first time since her marriage. The soup and fish she served for dinner were quite all right, but the pudding—well, everyone fought with it mantually until, rearful of bending their hostess' new frock, they desisted.

Mrs. Newlywed was heartbroken.

"Put that pudding out of my sight!" she said to the little maid. "Give it to the ducks at once!"

A few minutes later the little maid propped her head around the drawing room door and cried:

"Oh, Mrs. Newlywed, I gave that pudding to the ducks and they've all sunk!"

Seven Wonders of the Age

In the olden times there were seven wonders of the world—perhaps you remember them, perhaps not. But have you ever stopped and given thought to the seven wonders of this age as they appear to a service-star mother whose boy is still "over there"? To such a mother the first wonder is—because she's proud and happy and just a little biased—but that the Hans managed to hold out for three months after her boy got over there. The second wonder is—because she knows her boy means the best of everything that the world can give him—that President Wilson has so far failed to say anything in his speeches about her son having been personally decorated by General Pershing for bravery. And the third wonder, because she's a trifle inclined to think that her boy is still a baby—whether or not he carries colds "over there." Wonder No. 4—because she's a trifle jealous of the girl her boy marries—is whether or not he'll pick a French girl for a wife. Wonder No. 5 is—because she just naturally wants to pick up her son when he comes home, whether or not he looks like his being plus he used to like so much. And Wonder No. 6—the greatest and most pressing wonder of all is the bethumbed, toying, treacherous, loquacious mother-wonder—she wonders how soon her boy will come home.

Doin' My Duty

(A Negro Song of Faith)

Sam come up in the shade East;

Way down in de gall-uh yard;

I work my work on de tent my feas';

I gah been a drivin' hand;

Sam go down in de shinin' west;

Pizzer down a load of hay;

Now I'm ready to go to ger rest;

Now I'm ready to go to ger rest;

I gah done done done today;

I gah ready to go to my way;

Book me to sleep an' lemme lie;

Wif a big, round' doller to close my eye;

Pile up de kivers upon me high;

Five done my do today,

LAWRENCE HOTEL RAIDED ELECT NEW PRESIDENT

Several Arrested—Two Men

and Four Women Give

Lowell Addresses

The Lowell hotel in Lawrence was raided Sunday night at seven o'clock and nine other men and women were arrested. Two of the men and four of the women gave Lowell addresses. The raid was made by police, who had been advised by State and City officials who were conducted by Lieut. Vose, assisted by Sergeant Carl Karpinski and Captain in David Lovins, Edward John Jenkins, W.C. Martin, former chief of police, Edward McCarthy, A.B., told them he was still a young man and never been present when the police station. The men were charged with statutory offenses, while the women were accused of charges of lewdness. The manager of the hotel, Dennis McNamee, was charged with maintaining a house of ill fame.

It is estimated that the hotel had been under federal observation for some time and that State officials had been so carefully planned that everything went smoothly and swiftly. According to the local police, the Lowell hotel was one of the largest ever built in the down-river city. The arrested persons appeared in court yesterday and their cases were disposed of as follows: Charles McCarthy, Lowell; Edward Pauler, lawyer; Austin Mehan, Newburyport; Harry Cole, Haverhill; Charles Taylor, Lowell; Charles Gendron and Harry Arnold, charged with statutory offenses; 250 guests, Stevens, Lawrence Lowell; Louis P. Peacock, Lawrence; Alice Vioyois, Lowell; Florence Jollott, Lowell; Mary Smith, Haverhill; Eddie Brown, Haverhill; Mary Murphy, Manchester; N. H.; Eliza Prentiss, Lowell; M. H. and Francis Trowell, Lowell, charged with lewdness; cases continued until Feb. 1, bill being fixed at \$200.

Manager Mehan of the hotel was charged with maintaining a house of ill fame. He entered a plea of not guilty and his case was continued until Jan. 25, his bill being fixed at \$200. In commenting on the continuance, Judge Mahoney remarked that Mr. Nichols, the alleged proprietor of the hotel should have a charge lodged against him, as it was not believed that Mehan was connected with the hotel in such a capacity that the charge be leveled against him exclusively.

CARD OF THANKS
We, the undersigned, wish to express our most sincere thanks to all our relatives and friends for their messages of kindness and words of consolation expressed to us in the loss of our beloved son and husband. We also feel very grateful to those who sent spiritual and floral offerings and letters of sympathy. To all we are deeply grateful and rejoice that their kindness will never be forgotten.
Mrs. and Mrs. THOMAS MARKHAM and SON

WAS A MERE SKELETON FROM LUNG TROUBLE

Gained 28½ Pounds in 28 Days, and Completely Recovered Health.

"When my health failed a few months ago, several physicians told me I had consumption and refused to take my case—that I might last longer in a higher climate but that it was only a question of time with me. I was soon reduced to a mere skeleton, weighing only 100 pounds, and was hardly able to walk."

"Finally a friend told me that Miles Emulsion had cured him and persuaded me to try it. By the time I had used two bottles, I noticed a decided improvement. I began to grow stronger, lost 25 pounds. I had gained 28½ pounds. I have now taken 24 bottles and am happy to say words can tell to think I have regained my health. I weigh more, am stronger and in better health than I have been in the past 10 years. Miles Emulsion saved my life."—Chas. W. Evans, 1912 Chestnut St., Terre Haute, Ind.

When success has been achieved in hundreds of cases, just as hopeless as this, it seems unfair for any victim to deny himself a trial of Miles Emulsion. It can do no harm in any case. And it costs nothing to try.

Miles Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Miles Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs, chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day. It works like magic on coughs and colds.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Miles Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price per bottle \$1.25 per bottle. The Miles Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by Fred Howard, Adv.

BLADES
Courtesy of All Kind.

Gillette, Gem, Star, Ever Ready, Enders, Keen Kutter, Durham, Burham, Eagle, Curley, Penn, Clark and Mark Cross.

If it's a Safety Razor or something to do with shaving accessories, this is the place.

HOWARD, The Druggist, 197 Central St., Store open at 12:30 Wednesday.

Duvel
Cosmetics

We Have Just What You Need In Cosmetics. Come In and See Us.

Matt. B. Jones Elected N.E.T.

& F. President To Succeed

Colonel Spalding

Matt. B. Jones has been elected president of the New England Telephone & Telegraph company, to succeed Colonel Philip L. Spalding who resigned to enter the Boston teaching firm of Estabrook & Company. Mr. Jones assumes his new duties February 1.

He has been connected with the telephone organization for more than 20 years, and as first vice president, for more than a year past directed the affairs of the company during Colonel Spalding's absence on military service.

He is a well known alumnus of Dartmouth and has served on the board of aldermen of Newton in which city he has resided for many years.

Mr. Jones is a native of Vermont, born in Waitsfield, May 1, 1871. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1893 and was a member of the college football team. In 1897 he was graduated from Harvard Law school and then entered the law office of Frederick P. Fish.

Shortly afterward he joined with two other Dartmouth men, Samuel L. Powers and Edward K. Hall, and formed the law firm of Powers, Hall & Jones. One of its principal clients was the New England Telephone & Telegraph company.

Six years later Mr. Jones resigned from this firm to enter the employ of the telephone company as its counsel. On February 1, 1917, he was made general counsel and in October of that year, when President Spalding went abroad for service with the aviation section of the signal corps. Mr. Jones was elected first vice president, director of the company, a member of the executive committee of its board of directors and acting president.

He has a thorough knowledge of the affairs of the company and is esteemed by its entire operating organization. During the year 1918, when there were extraordinary demands for service, and at the same time special need for economy and efficiency, he made it a point to personally meet the employees through meetings held in various sections of the territory, and to give them first-hand information of the conditions and needs of the company and of his desire for a truly representative management.

Notwithstanding the unprecedented difficulties of war-time conditions, the response testifies not only to the ability of the employees as an organization unit in behalf of service to the public, but also to their confidence in Mr. Jones as a leader and their enthusiastic desire to support him in every possible way.

UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENT

AT WOMEN'S CLUB

At a meeting of the Middlesex Women's club yesterday afternoon, a large audience was highly entertained by impersonations of impromptu plays by Miss Sidney Thompson, a talented young Vassar graduate. Miss Thompson possesses the rare talent of delivering original plays and monologues in such a pleasing manner as to win her audience at the very start.

The unique feature of her entertainment was her ability for reciting from suggestions written on slips of paper from persons in the audience. From this it was clearly evident that it was possible for her to demonstrate at a moment's notice her brilliancy in repartee.

The first two numbers on the program were plays which she had written herself, entitled, "The Missing Years," and "A Farmer's Day." The former deals with the story of a prime donal, who returns after a lapse of twenty years to keep the trust which had been made with her boy sweetheart. Although she feels that he has forgotten the old promise made by them so long ago to meet again in the orchard near the home where the girl had made her debut, still she is certain that the change and restful surroundings will enable her to go back with renewed determination to sine before the New York audiences. Especially does she hold a certain poise against her unknown critic and is assured of the fact that he needs harsh treatment. The tale ends happily for the lover appears at the appointed time and when he introduces himself as the much disliked critic the noted singer changes her countenance on the spot.

There will be no home nursing class this week, owing to the fact that the nurse has not yet returned from Washington.

On Saturday night the Monday and Tuesday club girls will be hostesses at the weekly soldiers' party, which has proved to be successful in providing a pleasant evening for all who enjoy games and dancing.

Plans are now underway for hikes on Saturday, weather permitting, and further parties may be obtained at the club rooms.

The Thursday afternoon club of younger girls will have a supper party in the club room this week to which old and new members are invited to join in the "pot luck."

The travel class which has been following President Wilson's journey and is now taking up the customs and points of special interest in European countries will meet this week on Thursday with Miss Frances Dugan as "Cook's Guide." Miss Dugan is the sister of Miss Dorothy Dugan, one of the club workers, and has traveled in most of the countries of Europe.

The club and dramatic clubs are now preparing for a big club party on St. Valentine's day—the program to be announced later. Every meeting counts, so don't miss one. The dramatic club is planning a minstrel show for some time in March.

For the consideration of the com-

AN ATTACK OF INFLUENZA OFTEN LEAVES KIDNEYS IN WEAKENED CONDITION

Doctors in all parts of the country

have been kept busy with the epidemic of influenza which has visited so many homes.

The symptoms of this disease are very distressing and leave the body in a run down condition. A host of violent complaints of lame back and urinary trouble, which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to dangerous kidney trouble.

Druggists report a large sale of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, which has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who try it. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Birmingham, Ala., offer to send a sample bottle of Swamp Root, on receipt of ten cents, to every sufferer who requests it. A trial will convince anyone who may be in need of it. Regular medium and large size bottles, for sale at all druggists. Be sure to mention the Lowell Sun.—Adv.

Say "Vinol Cures Chronic Coughs"

New York, City, 121 Nicholas Avenue—11th floor—Phone and singing and when suffering from chronic coughs and bronchitis, I use Vinol as and it cures when other remedies fail."—Henry Allers.

The reason Vinol is so successful

in such conditions, is because it is a

comminuted remedy containing bell-

ad and root, peptones, iron and

manganese, sulphates and glycerine-

shakes. It strengthens and re-

lazizes the entire system and ag-

esists nature to expel the disease. We know of many such cases. Liggett's, Ritter-Jayne Drug Store, Lowell, Pharrmace, Falls & Buckingham, F. J. Campbell, and druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Say "Say if you have skin trouble say Say! Say! Stop it before it begins. We guarantee it."

THE LOWELL**SUN TUESDAY JANUARY 28 1919****ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT****Extraordinary Success which "Fruit-a-lives" Has Achieved**

In the second part of the program, Miss Thompson selected a suggestion for a plot written by Dr. Winifred Devine, called, "A Young Officer returning from overseas, finds a charming young woman superintending his factory." An impromptu playlet was immediately constructed, in which the girl reminds the young man that she had proposed to him four times before he went away, and he refused to listen to her because she was the daughter of a millionaire. Finally she makes it clear to him that the only way to get his position back again is to remove her necessity for holding on to it, by giving her some other useful occupation—namely, making a pleasant home for him. Of course they live happily ever after.

A sketch, founded on French history, and in which Miss Thompson makes it clear to him that the only way to get his position back again is to remove her necessity for holding on to it, by giving her some other useful occupation—namely,

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STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Dealers in stocks today were restrained by uncertainty concerning United States Steel dividends, but general strength marked the final hour. Sales approximated 169,000 shares.

Shipments reflected the irregular trend of prices at the quiet opening. Atlantic Gulf advanced a point, while Marine preferred lost 1 $\frac{1}{4}$, and Pacific Mail 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. Oils and some of the minor rails eased fractionally. United Steel opened at a slight reaction which soon receded. Gold gold was offered before the end of the first half hour.

Bullies prevailed during the noon hour. Mexican petroleum leading at an extreme recovery of six points. Marine preferred also made up much of its loss. United States steel rose a point from its early minimum and independent Steels were active and stronger.

Further selling of marine preferred at an extreme setback of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ points was checked by a 2-point reaction in other shiplings. Loading oils lost as much, but made more than complete recovery. Tobacco and minor motors were heavy. Studebaker improved with Hides and Leather preferred. U. S. steel was within contracted limits, but related industrials and equipments were only occasionally quoted with rails. Brooklyn transit was unmoved by the change of venue granted its indicated rights. Manufacturing railroads dropped 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ points.

Highest quotations were made later, rails and steels featuring the movement. The close was strong.

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Mortgageable paper and 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent 60-day bills, 4.72%; commercial 60-day bills, 4.72%; commercial 60-day bills on banks, 4.72%; demand, 4.75%; cables, 4.76%; Franks, demand, 4.55%; cables, 4.45%; Guilders, 41 $\frac{1}{2}$; cables, 41 $\frac{1}{2}$; Lira, demand, 6.87%; cables, 6.35; Rubles, demand, 13 $\frac{1}{2}$; cables, 14, nominal. Mexican dollars, 7.75; Government bonds, easy. Railroad bonds, easy.

Prime loans, easier, 30 days, 90 days, 6 months, to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Call money, higher, high, 5; low, 4; cutting rate, 4; closing bid, 4; offered at 4 $\frac{1}{2}$; last loan, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$; bank acceptance, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$.

LIBERTY BONDS

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Final prices on Liberty bonds were 31 $\frac{1}{2}$'s 99.14; first convertible 4's 98.40; second 4's 97.11; first convertible 4 $\frac{1}{2}$'s 95.00; second 4 $\frac{1}{2}$'s 94.58; third 4 $\frac{1}{2}$'s 94.41; fourth 4's 91.16.

X. C. Clearings

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Exchanges, \$20,423,502; balances, \$58,569,271.

COTTON Futures

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Cotton futures opened steady, March, 22.00; May, 21.20; July, 20.50; October, 19.50; December, 19.25. Cotton futures closed strong, March, 23.50; May, 22.80; July, 22.15; October, 20.75; December, 20.25. Spot cotton quiet, middling, 27.35.

NEW YORK MARKET

High Low Close

Allis Chal. 32 32 32

Alli Beet Sugar 65 67 68

Am Can. 47 13 46 47

Am Cat & F. 60 21 59 59

do pf 115 116 115

Am Cat Oil 41 12 41 12

Am H & L. 15 15 15

do pf 83 83 83

Am Steel 101 11 101 11

Am Wool 45 45 45

Amcando 50 58 58

Arch 92 24 93 24

At Gulf 92 24 92 24

Baldwin 69 55 68 55

B&O 18 18 18

Beth Steel A 61 61 61

do B 61 61 61

do pf 87 87 87

Bl R. I. 102 102 102

Calif 18 18 18

Car Mfg. 25 25 25

Car Prud. 47 17 47 17

Car Steel 106 106 106

Ciba Chas. 55 55 55

C. E. I. & P. 23 23 23

Calie. 17 17 17

Cal G. & E. 12 12 12

Can Gas. 80 80 80

Can Prud. 47 47 47

Can Steel 106 106 106

Ciba Chas. 20 20 20

Den & N. G. 62 62 62

Dis See. 52 52 52

Erie 18 18 18

Gen Elec. 110 105 110

Gen Motors 125 125 125

Gen. Nat. 92 85 92 85

Gen. X. Ore. 97 97 97

Ill. Cog. 96 95 96 95

Ind Met. Comp. 19 19 19

Int. Mer. Mar. 21 21 21

Int. Paper 37 37 37

Int. Paper 37 37 37

Kennecott 37 37 37

K. C. H. S. 18 18 18

Lack Steel 67 66 67

Lehigh Val. 68 68 68

Maxwell 28 28 28

do 18 18 18

Met. Pet. 171 12 180 12

Midvale 42 12 42 12

Mo. Pac. 25 21 25 21

Nat Lead. 66 64 66 64

N. Y. Cent. 73 73 73

N. Y. & H. 105 105 105

N. Y. & W. West. 91 91 91

Out & West. 20 20 20

Pac Mail. 36 35 36

Pan Am. 65 61 65 61

Penn. 15 14 15

Pep Gas. 44 74 44 74

Pitts. 16 16 16

U. S. S. Co. 72 72 72

Ratts W. V. 53 53 53

Reading 79 75 79

Rep. I. & S. 71 73 71 73

R. P. 31 31 31

U. P. 128 128 128

U. S. I. M. 102 102 102

U. S. R. R. 75 75 75

do pf 110 110 110

U. S. Steel 92 92 92

do pf 115 115 115

U. S. Steel 106 106 106

U. S. Steel 75 75 75

U. S. Steel 22 22 22

STEVENS TO RUN SIBERIAN ROAD

At Present It Is Said To Be Losing 80,000,000 Roubles Per Month

All-Russian Finance Minister Says Reds Stole Millions From Siberian Banks

OMSK, Central Siberia, Wednesday, Jan. 23.—(By the Associated Press)—The Trans-Siberian railroad is losing 80,000,000 rubles a month, according to Ivan Mikhailoff, minister of finance of the all-Russian government here, who discussed the government's program for financial rehabilitation with the correspondent today. Mikhailoff, who is but twenty-nine years old, strongly supported the allied proposal for the management of the Trans-Siberian railway, saying that if sufficient power is put into the work, results will be sure to follow.

He pointed out that the reorganization of the railway would be immediately benefited by increasing custom receipts. He said that Russia would furnish money to meet the running expenses of the work, but the plan of John F. Stevens, head of the railroad commission, would entail the purchase abroad of a large amount of materials. To make payments on such purchases, Russia he said, would request a loan from allied nations.

He declared that the Bolsheviks had excreted off gold, silver and currency valued at several million rubles from Siberian banks, but added that the present government had 250,000 rubles in banknotes and five billion rubles in gold and silver as basis for the reconstruction of the country. He said that expenditures jumped from 15,000,000 rubles in August to 400,000,000 in December. The receipts in December were 15,000,000 rubles, against 20,000,000 in August. Deficiencies are being met by the

issuance of treasury bonds. The budget for 1919 calls for 660,000 monthly to meet the expenses attendant upon enlarging the territory under control. He said that 100,000 rubles would be appropriated for railroad work.

In addition, assistance would be generously accorded private industries, he declared in the effort to build up the country. In regard to the statement that peasants were not paying taxes on their land, he showed that receipts from that source had mounted from 700,000 rubles in July to 2,000,000 in December.

"These increases," he said, "are an indication of the regeneration of Russia and of the people's confidence in the stability of the government."

Advises received from Terek state that Bolsheviks began an insurrection about 20 miles west of that place and set up a government, but were attacked and defeated with heavy casualties by patrols from Irkutsk on New Years. There are few fears of a New Year's Day Bolshevik uprising.

In the opinion of people here, the government has been strengthened by the acceptance of the foreign minister, by Sergius Sazonoff and the final conclusion of the agreement between the United States and Japan by which John F. Stevens became chairman of the technical commission in charge of the rehabilitation of the Trans-Siberian railway.

CITY TREASURER'S ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report of the city treasurer for the year 1918, which was accepted at this morning's meeting of the municipal council was in detail as follows:

	Monthly Receipts
January	\$ 126,095.75
February	161,533.12
March	115,442.82
April	158,691.16
May	155,631.57
June	160,251.76
July	126,510.31
August	167,852.43
September	120,047.03
October	171,163.91
November	158,251.97
December	230,000.00
Cash balance Jan. 1, 1918	\$ 89,322.57
Total	\$ 5,956,111.41
MONTHLY EXPENDITURES	
January	\$ 320,509.50
February	324,445.41
March	287,301.85
April	335,110.13
May	299,515.05
June	335,466.39
July	181,220.72
August	221,220.50
September	221,220.50
October	261,729.50
November	155,025.56
December	230,702.87
Cash balance Dec. 31, 1918	240,374.41
	\$ 8,856,111.41

U. S. WAR DEPT. LAGGED HUN COLONIES TALKED OVER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator

Wadsworth of New York recently returned from a trip to France, spoke in the senate today in high praise of Gen. Pershing and the American fighting machine and in criticism of deficiencies in supplies and equipment provided for them.

"He had come to France to look the Germans over," the senator said of the American soldier. "He suspected there were some people who doubted his ability to do so. He was determined to show them that he could and he did."

Senator Wadsworth said possibly some of the equipment and supplies shortage were unavoidable but others unquestionably were due to inefficiency and confusion in the war department during the early stages of the war.

Referring to the supplying of ordnance, airplanes and tanks by the allies, he said:

"No American built tanks reached the battle front. The French supplied us with what tanks they could spare. With the exception of two or three divisions at the very end of the war, all the machine guns, light and heavy, were obtained from the French."

"One cannot exaggerate the embarrassments and difficulties to which these shortages gave rise. Nor do we believe that the supplying of all this equipment did not strain the resources of the allies."

A permanent military policy for America, he said, should not be formulated until Gen. Pershing and others prominent in building up the expeditionary force could return.

"British delegates do not object to such procedure respecting the colonies in Africa, although other nations, notably the French and Portuguese, do not acquiesce, and the Union of South Africa definitely claims German southwest Africa. As regards the Pacific, Australia claims New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago; New Zealand claims Samoa; and Japan desires the Marshalls and Carolines. Japan also suggests an equatorial delimitation between British and Japanese influences in the Pacific."

The correspondent refers to the Anglo-Japanese "secret" treaty of

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Sporting News and Newsy Sports

LOWELL TOO MUCH FOR PROVIDENCE BOYS

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 28.—The Lowell champs once more proved their superiority over the local Goldbacks here last evening when they walked away with an 8-3 victory. The scrap was exciting up to the final period, but the opening of that stanza Lowell was leading 1 to 0 and there was every chance of the locals coming through. Three goals in swift succession sewed things up for Lowell; however, and Providence didn't have a turnover.

Hart, Hartigan, Williams, eight goals and Hartings the other two. Williams and Hartings got two apiece for Providence. The lineup, score and summary:

LOWELL
Barl. Jr.
Harkins Jr.
Griffith
Asquith hb
Pennington

PROVIDENCE

W. Williams
Jr. Thompson
C. Murphy
H. Doherty
S. Lovegreen

FIRST PERIOD

Won by Providence Thompson..... Time 1:55
Lowell Hart..... 1:09
Lowell Hart..... 6:46

SECOND PERIOD

Providence Williams..... 6:50
Providence Thompson..... 5:49
Lowell Harkins..... 2:06
Lowell Hart..... 1:10
Providence Williams..... 1:10
Lowell Hart..... 1:15

THIRD PERIOD

Lowell Hartings..... 4:00
Lowell Hart..... 2:26
Lowell Hart..... 4:59
Score: Lowell, 8; Providence, 1.
Rushes: Williams, 14; Hart, 1; Stoops,
Pence, 5; Lovegreen, 21; referee,
Hartigan; timer, Perrin.

POLO LEAGUE STANDING

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Salem	29	27	56.5
Lowell	30	23	56.5
Providence	31	25	48.0
Worcester	23	32	45.0
New Bedford	27	16.0	50.0
Lawrence	19	29	33.8

LAST NIGHT'S RESULTS

Lowell 8; Providence 1.
Salem 16; New Bedford 2.
Lawrence 4; Worcester 6.

TONIGHT'S GAMES

Worcester at Lowell.

Lawrence at New Bedford.

POLO NOTES

Both Lowell and Salem won, so there was no change in the standing.

Worcester will come here this evening while Salem travels to New Bedford.

PROVIDENCE MAY NOT HAVE BALL TEAM

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 28.—Our fair league baseball in Providence, the home of national, international and later Eastern league teams, is considered extremely dark. Only in case the general assembly legalizes Sunday baseball and the Providence police commission gives permission for Sabbath games will there be a league team here. And the chances of action by the assembly are about 50 to 50 against and similar action by the police commission at least 100 to 1 for unfavorable action.

Worcester fans are getting tired of having Lowell visit them only on Saturday nights. They wish the champs would make their calling night on the evening more universally set apart for such purposes. Wednesday, and accordingly, there is great joy in the heart of the Worcester Telegram polo man that the locals are going "over there" tomorrow night. Here's how he expresses his jubilation:

"The visit of the champs has nearly always been on Saturday nights. The shift that will bring them to Worcester on the midweek date will be welcomed by a number of fans who are unable to see the Saturday night game because of their employment.

Not a few of the most enthusiastic fans in Worcester are clerks who work on Saturday nights. They have not been able to see Lowell in a long time. They will rejoice in the change that brings Lowell to Worcester on Wednesday nights as it gives them the opportunity to see the champs in action."

Personel, who was goal tend for Lowell for a time previous to the acquisition of Pence, has joined the Salem outfit and has taken the place of Maxwell who has been released. The Salem people believe that the change is for the best as Maxwell, although a popular player, had the fault of failing to stop easy shots at the goal. His playing the last few weeks took a stump and his weak defense here in Lowell Friday night was the climax.

The Salem management got word that if a change were not made soon there would be a dropping off in the attendance and the powers that be were quick to see the light. They believe that they have secured a better man in Personel but we are willing to stick up for him and his recent performance.

Capt. Harkins was back in the game last evening although it was thought that the gash over his eye required in Saturday's game of Lawrence might keep him out a few days. He refused to be listed as a casualty, however.

HIGH SCHOOL TAKES ON BOXING

MALDEN, Jan. 28.—Malden high school students yesterday afternoon voted to organize boxing classes. Fully 50 candidates signified their intention of reporting on the initial call, which is to be made today.

Capt. Dave Morey of the Malden high athletic teams, a former Dartmouth college athlete, has agreed to handle the candidates. It is the idea of Mr. Morey to teach every boy the art of self-defense. He believes the sport will build up the body.

The students are much pleased over the decision of Headmaster Thornton Jenkins to add boxing to the list of sports at Malden high. Mr. Jenkins has always been a lover of all branches of athletics. In the days of the inter-scholastic athletic league he was faculty manager of the Malden high teams.

Boxing will entail no added expense. Coach Merdy has several sets of gloves and some of the boys have gloves of their own, all of which are to be utilized.

TED MEREDITH SAYS "GOOD-BYE, CINDERS"

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—James E. Ted Meredith, the University of Pennsylvania track star, announces his retirement from the cinder path. He has decided to devote his entire attention to business. Recently he returned to this country from France, where he served in the American Aviation corps.

Tested before outfit was augmented by the addition of two green prospects, a 2-year-old colt and his "Moss" Hanover bought at the last old glory sale.

GERMANS SEND MEN TO FIGHT POLAND

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—Malden high school students, yesterday afternoon voted to organize boxing classes. Fully 50 candidates signified their intention of reporting on the initial call, which is to be made today.

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MISS WILSON AT BRUSSELS

BRUSSELS, Jan. 28.—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, arrived here yesterday. She is a guest at the American legation.

UNIVERSITY HEAD DIES

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 28.—Dr.

Brown Ayres, president of the University of Tennessee since 1904, died today.

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

CHINESE RESTAURANT

CHIN LEE CO.—Chop Suey, Amer-

ican food. Nicest place in the city.

Write 85, Sun office.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS

LIMBERG CO.—Chimneys swept and

repaired. Residence, 112 Bridge St. Tel.

DENTIST

T. E. MAHIN, D.M.D., 105 Sun Plaza, Tel.

2 to 12, 1 to 5, Mon-Fri Sat, 8 to 12.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES

ELECTRIC SHOP, 10 Central street.

Produced prices: 10 Electric Heaters,

\$3.85; 550 Electric Irons, \$4.40. Buy

now. Tel. 1517-Y.

INSURANCE

PARSONS, 304 SUN BUILDING.

Insurance of all kinds.

PIANO TUNERS

J. KIRSHAW, pianos and organs

tuned and repaired. 69 Humphrey st.

Tel. 271-1170.

STOVE REPAIRS

GUINN STOVE REPAIR CO., 149

Graham st., corner of 149 and 148, Han-

over, Boston. Parts and other parts

to fit all stoves and ranges. Work

promptly attended to. Tel. 1170.

TYPEWRITERS

THE LARGEST STOCK OF TYPE-

writers north of Boston will be sold at

cost and at other. Only one machine

is now left in stock. Write or call

to Graham st. 149. Next door to

the corner of Nichols st., 5 minutes

to railroad station. Price is low. Tel.

4-4337.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

5-ROOM HOUSE for sale, bath, hot

and cold water, furnace heat, slate

roof. Newly painted and papered

throughout. Located at 149 Elm st.,

next door to the corner of Nichols st., 5 minutes

to railroad station. Price is low. Tel.

4-4337.

SPECIAL NOTICE

MADAM MAY, trance medium; fit to

travel come and see her, 53 John st.

Room 3.

LOST AND FOUND

LADY'S BLACK POCKETBOOK lost

Saturday evening on Harrison st., Re-

vere. It contained \$100.00.

Reward \$100 at 24 Oskar st.

POCKETBOOK lost Friday contain-

ing rings, key and money between

Hanover and Union market in the

market. Reward at 225 Middle-

sex st.

ARMY RUNS ROAD

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Monday—Samuel

Gompers declared to France tribe to-

day that he would not yet say whether

the American delegation would

attend the labor and socialist

conference at Berne.

He declared that, first of all, he wished to know

what organizations would be repre-

sented; if these organizations were

real labor organizations and if the

Berne conference was not part of a

direct German propaganda plan.

Regarding the attitude of the Ameri-

can labor party toward Germany, he

said:

"Before we are willing to engage

ourselves to anything, the German

people must have a better conception

of international duties and co-operation."

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NO CONCERT FOR KAISER

had among country gentlemen who do not frequent society.
He rises about 8 o'clock and follows an ordinary routine. His bath, however, is followed by a thorough massage, to which he has been accustomed since his university days. After his bath he has an extremely simple breakfast in his own rooms and sometimes with the Bentincks.

AMERONGEN, Jan. 28 (by the Associated Press).—Much adverse comment has been heard in Holland regarding the proposed concert which was to have been given Saturday in the castle in the presence of the former emperor by the Amerongen church choir. It was reported that the concert would be given in honor of the former emperor's birthday.

The outcry was so great that the concert was abandoned. The former emperor as yet knows nothing about the matter.

The veil which up to this time has hidden William Hohenzollern's daily life from the public has been lifted slightly and shows that he employs his day in the humdrum fashion us-

ual among country gentlemen who do not frequent society.

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AMERONGEN, Monday, Jan. 27.—Religious services were held in the castle chapel here today in honor of the birthday of William Hohenzollern. With this exception the former emperor and empress passed the day as usual.

Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 242 West 47th St., New York City.

Urge your skin to become clearer, fresher, better by the daily use of Postlam Soap, medicated with Postlam.

—Adv.

BULLETIN FROM WAR WORK HEADQUARTERS
119 Merrimack Street Telephone 5923

Where Extremes Meet: The Pacifists and the Skeptists (the Opposing Skeptics) On the Roll of Dishonor

"THE ROLL OF DISHONOR" There is no doubt at all as to what one means by the Roll of Dishonor.

That is the list—unpardonably long—of those who by one means or another seek deliberately to hinder the cause of the United States and the League of Nations to secure permanent peace and the prevention of war.

It is an unfortunate fact that such a roll, which must include many names of people not openly scuttling, embraces many whose acts in hindrance of the League of Nations are based upon honest conviction and devout belief in the rightness of what they are trying to do. Unfortunate it may be, but this fact does not excuse the doers. It is impossible to regard as a roll of honor the list of opposing skeptics and cynical obstructors of various sorts, no matter how sincere their convictions may be, whose efforts go to retard and discourage the effort of this country in the titanic struggle against militarism for the world's security.

The men and women who lend themselves to this attempt to prevent the engagement of the United States in the League of Nations, know, when they do it, that if they succeed or fail they can expect only the execration of their fellows. They should fail—and no matter how devout their belief in their own rectitude, the country can have no love for them. They simply get in the way of fate, and the worthiest in that position must be held unworthy. For some, one may be sorry—but not too many. The fact is that what they do is utterly abhorrent to the vast majority of their fellows; and their offense is not only that they take certain positions, but also, and chiefly, that they are capable of taking them. The mind capable of urging antagonism and discouragement in the face of such a crisis, capable of persistent opposition and demanding indifference or worse when for the right we ought rather to be still willing to die for this great necessity and momentous cause; the mind capable of this is intolerable to the American spirit and all humanity.

Therefore we believe that this roll of dishonor should be widely studied. Many enrolled in it will work, with that jaunty self-confidence so characteristic of their kind, in figure in the rebuilding of a world which they did their best to ruin. There ought to be no room for a single one. To have deserved a place in this roll of dishonor should suffice to disbar him for all time.

(With Compliments to the Writer of "The Roll of Dishonor")

PUSH A BUTTON

That's all you have to do madam to start a big washing if you have a Thor Electric Washing Machine. How much easier that is than to rub, rub, rub on a washboard. How much easier it is on the clothes also. Stop that hard, expensive, old fashioned way of washing! Let the Thor do the work. Get a big washing done by ten o'clock in the morning. The Thor will do it for you.

ELECTRIC WASHING MACHINE
Puts the THOR In Your Home

\$5.00

Yes, pay only \$5.00 down and we will deliver a Thor to your home ready for next washday. Then a few dollars a month and this wonderful machine is yours. We will prove that it will more than pay for itself. The saving it makes in wear on clothes and in cost of help will more than compensate for what you pay for it. We will prove that. Do not put in another drudging, wearisome washday before you see the Thor. Come and see just how this machine takes all the work out of washday.

FREE DEMONSTRATION IN YOUR HOME ON REQUEST

The Lowell Electric Light Corp.

29-31 MARKET ST.

TEL. 821

INSIST ON 48 HOUR WEEK

Loomfixers Endorse Action of Textile Council—Council President Called to N. Y.

President John Banley of the Lowell Textile council, who is also a member of the executive board of the United Textile Workers of America received a telegram from John Golden, president of the U. T. W. of A. yesterday, requesting him to report without fail at headquarters in New York Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Although no particulars were given in the message it is believed that the meeting of the executive board is being called for the purpose of discussing the 48-hour week.

The reception of the telegram was made known at a regular meeting of the members of the Loomfixers union, which was held last evening in Carpenter's hall with a large attendance. The meeting was presided over by President Joseph E. Jemery and in the course of the evening it was unanimously voted to approve the recent action of the Lowell Textile council in insisting upon a 48-hour week in the local cotton mills. It was also voted to hold a special meeting Saturday afternoon for the purpose of hearing the report of Mr. Banley on his return from New York. In the event of Mr. Banley not being able to return to this city Saturday, arrangements will be made for the wiring of orders to the union officials as to the schedule for the following Monday.

RESOLUTION ADOPTED

Declaration of Irish Republic Is Endorsed at St. Patrick's Day Convention

The arrangements for the observance of St. Patrick's day, which is to take place at the Associate Hall on Monday evening, March 17th, with a grand banquet, are now well under way. James O'Sullivan, chairman of the general committee and presiding officer of the convention has appointed several sub-committees and instructed the chairmen of their respective committees to be ready with their reports at the next meeting of the convention, namely Sunday afternoon, Feb. 16 at the Mathews' hall. The following resolution was read and adopted, and it was voted that copies be forwarded to United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge and Congressman John Jacob Rogers.

A committee was appointed to attend the Irish race convention which will be held at Philadelphia February 22 and 23. Resolutions adopted by the Convention of Irish-American Catholic Societies of the city of Lowell, assembled to make arrangements for the proper observance of St. Patrick's Day, 1919.

Whereas, the act of renunciation passed in the parliament of the king of Great Britain and Ireland (which happened to be the same person) in 1782 by which England renounced forever all claims to legislate for Ireland on to question Ireland's right to legislate for its own affairs.

And whereas, the administration of Ireland, from 1782 to 1801,

a period of 19 years, stands out boldly in successful contrast to England's failure and misadministration in those 118 years following, which gave to Ireland over 100 coercion acts, which stole by unjust and unfair taxation over one and one-half billions of dollars, which reduced Ireland's population from eight millions to four millions, which drove her people to India and Australia, which drove her peace-loving people into three abortive revolutions and to the tragic end.

And whereas, the great English Statesman Gladstone condemned the notorious act of union in the terms of "force, fraud and corruption"—"it has been marked," said he, "by every horror and every shame that could exist in the relations between nations."

And whereas, the Irish republic has issued its declaration of independence and duly held meetings of its constituent, praying the recognition of its being, the restoration of its rights, the justice of its claims to liberty and the opportunity to pursue its own peaceful course to the betterment of its people and for the welfare of all mankind.

And whereas, there are now residing in English and Irish lands hundreds of men and women guilty of no crime except that of loving their country and honestly desiring to see it free.

Be it resolved that this convention of the Irish-American Catholic Societies of Lowell, Mass., in mass meeting assembled, call the attention of the fan-minded men and women to the outrageously shameful, tyrannical and corrupt methods of Pitt and Castlereagh and their henchmen, who in those illegal means destroyed the Act of Union, treated the remonstrance act to the letter, and in the name of God, the King and Parliament, which was founded in the name of God, the King and Parliament, got from any drugstore 9½ ounces of Pinex, pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with syrup, using either plain granulated sugar syrup, clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, as desired. The result is a full pint of really better cough syrup than you could buy ready-made for three times the money. Tastes pleasant and never spoils.

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This Pinex and Syrup preparation gets right at the cause of a cough and gives almost immediate relief. It loosens the phlegm, stops the nasty throat tickle and heals the sore, irritated membranes gently and easily that it is really astonishing.

A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough and for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma, there is nothing better.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and has been used for generations to break up severe coughs.

To avoid disappointment, ask your druggist for 9½ ounces of Pinex with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded.

The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing, Tobins, Associate bldg. J. F. Donohoe, 228 Hildreth bldg. real estate and insurance. Telephone.

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